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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

November 7,1993

Commissioner Irwin Dugan The Federal Communications Commission Washington D.C. 20554

Dear Commissioner Dugan;

I am a Professional Engineer who has worked in the cable television industry for over 25 years. I am writing to express my concern regarding the merger of Bell Atlantic and TCI.

Just as you are interested in bringing the benefits of competition to the consumer I am in favor of the market benefit of competition between the nation's cable television companies and telephone companies. However in the recent senatorial hearings on the merger the true anti-competitive structure of the merger is not being exposed.

In analyzing the cable business you must separately consider the product and the distribution system.

The product is the television programming. It is true that TCI can not completely control all of the programming being produced and therefore Bell Atlantic's arrival on the seen would not in itself be anti-competitive. If Bell Atlantic is held to common carrier requirements, then any programmer would have access to the consumer.

The second and more important part of the cable television business is the physical distribution wires. Here is where Bell Atlantic has achieved a coup.

There are presently two wires running into virtually every American home. (1) The narrow band, low capacity, copper pair telephone wire and (2) the broad band, high capacity coaxial cable television cable. If the cable and telephone companies were to compete head on in the converging digital media world, without stifling regulation, the telephone company would lose. Because, contrary to the telephone company's misleading PR, the telephone twisted pair wire will not deliver video to the home. To survive the telephone company must either rebuild its network with coaxial cable or buy the local cable television company.

Bell Atlantic has developed a product it refers to as Video Dial Tone which it is testing in Florham Park, NJ. In that test Bell Atlantic bought the in-place coaxial cable service wires from the incumbent cable company because the telephone wires could not be used and it was too expensive to install new coaxial wires. In the test Bell Atlantic is selling back to the cable company delivery service on the coaxial cables. What this means is that

No. of Copies rec'd List ABCDE where there were two competing wires going into the home before Video Dial Tone, now there is only one wire and Bell Atlantic has control of it.

Bell Atlantic now has supplanted the competition on the coaxial system and the cable company can not provide competing telephone service. At least not without paying the Bell Atlantic tariff for using their coaxial wire.

How will Bell Atlantic use the TCI merger and Video Dial Tone to stifle competition?. The are two parts to the answers. In TCI cable systems outside the Bell Atlantic telephone service area Bell Atlantic will lease space on the coaxial system to the local Regional Bell Operating Company and allow the local RBOC to develop future services unchallenged by the local cable company. Bell Atlantic will receive the transportation tariff payments from the RBOC.

In its own service area Bell Atlantic has stated they will divest the TCI cable companies. But, Bell Atlantic has no plans to give up the coaxial cables. In practice Bell Atlantic will sell the shell of the cable company and give it access to the Bell Atlantic coaxial cables. Bell Atlantic will receive the transportation tariff payment from the cable company. The cable company will not be able to provide competing phone service. There will be only the one Bell Atlantic wire going into the home.

In conclusion, if you hope to achieve any competition in the telephone/cable market you must insure that two wires run into each home. You must rule that Bell Atlantic must entirely and completely divest itself of the competing TCI cable companies and the coaxial cable systems in their own telephone service area. You must also rule that no local phone company can use or control the cable television system wires in their own telephone service area.

Bell Atlantic espouses free competition among programmers for carriage on their network while they are working to remove the competing cable network.

Enclosed is a copy of an article from MULTICHANNEL NEWS in which Bell Atlantic's plans are described.

I am available to appear in Washington DC if you desire.

Sincerely,

Thomas L. Gimbel P.E.

Nerger, Who's Speaking Up for Cable Industr

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is whether the imarily seven others — the ing up largely) partner. Or with multiple est Inc. seems alks last week ision Systems the telco reercent of Time ent Co.

president of casting Corp. an of the Nasion Associas in industry end largely on how the various long-running internal factions develop.

"I don't think we understand yet," Miron said. "We have to see how it all plays out, and time will develop the answer."

"I'll tell you the guys with the hardest job right now," said another cable CEO. "That's the NCTA search committee," of which Miron is a member. The CEO quipped - referring to the replacement for former NCTA president James Mooney -- that since the U.S. Telephone Association is seeking a new president as well, the two associations should hire the same person and save the headhunter's fee.

Observed Mooney: "I suspect the most important factor will be whether the regulatory system will continue to treat cable and telephone as two separate and distinct businesses. As to the degree it does, you will not be able to avoid two separate trade associa-

Unfortunately, leadership is one of those great fuzzy issues that industry executives have difficulty articulating with much precision. Does leadership come solely from size and power? From a high public profile? From technological or financial savvy?

Then there's the question of what's being led. "The problem is that people have perceived something as a monolith that has never been a monolith," said Stephen Effros, president of the Community Antenna Television Association. In recognition of the transforming industry, CATA's board will vote next month whether to change its name to the Cable Telecommunications Association.

Executives disagree whether the Bell Atlantic/TCI deal really creates a void. In announcing the deal, Malone carefully cast himself as deferring to Smith, calling the telco chairman the best CEO to run the combined companies. Malone further quipped that he was a "billionaire lackey" and that he was packing up and going fishing.

'Spinotf' Will:Keep

Close Bell Ties

WAS BY JOHN M. HIGGINS NO SECOND he company that would initially own Tele-Communications Inc.'s cable systems inside Bell Atlantic Corp.'s service area will have both close financial and operating ties to the telephone company.

A Securities and Exchange Commission filing shows that this new "independent" company will also operate closely with Bell Atlantic's video dial tone systems and share plant with the telco.

Bell Atlantic's plans for those systems will be a key element of communications and antitrust officials' scrutiny of the telco's agreement to acquire TCI. About 1.6 million of the 11 million subscribers served by TCI or its affiliates are in Bell Atlantic's sevenstate telephone service area. If Bell Atlantic controlled both sets of wires, critics contend, it would eliminate competition in both telephone and video services.

Bell Atlantic said that it ultimately plans to "truly dispose" of any overlapping cable systems. "Our commitment was and is to the Department of Justice that we will not buy franchised systems in our region," said Ken Pitt, Bell Atlantic's executive director of corporate relations. But how fast the disposal happens is "a coin toss. Our hope is that happens quickly.

The initial program calls for Bell Atlantic to spin the conflicted systems into a new company referred to as New TCI," which is currently structured to exist for up to eight years.

The SEC filing shows that New TCI won't be too distant from the telco. Since old TCI shareholders will hold New TCI, TCI president and CEO John Malone and chairman Bob Magness, who would also have a combined \$1 billion-plus stake in Bell Atlantic, will control the new firm.

Further, Bell Atlantic is lending New TCL\$1 billion and receiving warrants to acquire 19.9 percent of its stock. Bell Atlantic will also have a five-year option to buy all or part of New TCl's assets, renewable for another three years.

Operations will be close as well. Some of those properties are scheduled to ride on Bell Atlantic's plant plus give the telco passage on the cable systems' drops into subscribers' homes.

Bell Atlantic plans to build video dial tone systems as a common carrier open to others who want to retail packages of networks to consumers. The SEC filing said that New TCI "would subscribe, within its service areas, to approximately one-half of such channels" on the VDT system.

New TCI would also "grant Bell Atlantic a non-exclusive right to occupy [its] drop wire and premises wire and equipment." The precise markets Bell Atlantic would enter first will be set in the definitive merger agreement between Bell Atlantic and TCI.

Although one CEO said that Malone "has single-handedly defined the cable industry for years," some cable executives said that Malone spoke primarily for TCI. "I never looked toward TCI in how I was going to run my business," said Sammons Communications president

TCI senior vice pre communications and p ning Robert Thomson think that John would i idea that he was speak industry," he said.

Tell that to the final munity. Malone is unqu the industry leader in the investors in lenders. T of great benefit to othe who have piggybacke recent progress in secu in the bond market a success in persuading to ignore cable's huge losses and focus inste flow.

Capitol Hill is much where TCI is promine hardly the sole spokes: executives said the Be deal will not have an effect on the cable ind islative and regulatory

"We are very much continuing to advance position of pre-emptin local barriers to cable the telephone busine staged entry of the companies into the vid on Capitol Hill and to istration," said the Anstrom.

Anstrom also point the NCTA is appealing trict court ruling pern Atlantic to provide cal inside its seven-state territory -- a decision made several days af Atlantic deal was and

"I think that to sort five years from now a we think of as cable of going to have Bell lo corporate letterhead case," Anstrom said.

"This is an indu clearly going to seek a number of places. suspect that five yea we will look around of the major player major players."

Cablevision Holding New Telco